IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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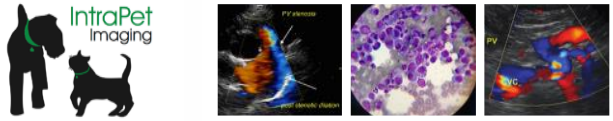

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PATIENT
Petey Willis

SPECIES
Feline

BREED
DMH

SEX
Male Neutered

AGE
4.8.16

WEIGHT
18.36lbs

INTERPRETED BY
Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM, DACVIM (Cardiology)

HOSPITAL NAME
Everhart Veterinary Hospital

REFERRING VET
Dr. Notarangelo

INVOICE
27025

DATE
10.20.22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Recheck echo. Doing well.
-Pertinent abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: WNL.
-Current medications: None.
-Blood pressure: 145mmHg.
-Sedation used: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.
-Pertinent previous ultrasound results (11/2021 MML): No LHV with an LVOTO and secondary MR. STAT: Not requested.
-Imaging performed by: Stephanie Warga RDCS, RVT.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. The left ventricular wall is asymmetric with mild septal thickening. There is a diffusely hyperechoic endocardium consistent with fibrosis and ventricular remodeling. Papillary muscle hypertrophy. The right ventricle is subjectively normal in size and morphology. There is mild left atrial enlargement present. No right atrial enlargement present. Normal RVOT velocity. There is systolic anterior motion (SAM) of the mitral valve present, with an elevated LVOT velocity (not captured on doppler). There is mild eccentric mitral regurgitation present secondary to SAM. No other obvious valvular regurgitation is present. There is no pericardial effusion noted. No pleural effusion appreciated.

CARDIAC CHART

FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	HR (BPM)	IVSd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVIDd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVWd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	FS (%)	EF (%)
NORMAL PARAMETER	------	150-240	3.5-0.55	<2 (mean 1.5)	3.5-0.55	35-67	80-100
PATIENT	8.3	NM	0.6	1.7	0.5	67	94
FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	**LA/AO** (Boon)	**LA/AO HEART BASE (Swe)** (Abbott)	**LA** 2D short axis Base view (cm) (Abbott)		**LVOT VEL** (m/s)	**RVOT VEL** (m/s)	**E max (m/s)**
NORMAL	<1.5	<1.3	<1.2		<1.6	<1.3	<0.9
PATIENT	NM	1.6	1.6		1.4	1.3	NM

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography,1998
Abbott J & MacLean H JVIM 2006;20: 111-119, Moise et al. Am J Vet Res 47:1476, 1986. Pipers et al. Am J Vet Res 40:882, 1979.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Unfortunately, this study does show progression, with development of hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy. The previously noted LVOTO is similar; however, mild LV hypertrophy has developed, as well as mild left atrial enlargement. A screening BP and T4 are recommended every 6 months, as both can exacerbate disease. No additional issues are identified.

While no medications have been shown to definitively alter long term outcome at this stage of disease, atenolol is often initiated to decrease the outflow obstruction. Given the degree of hypertrophy and mild LA dilation, recommend initiate at this time as below. If there is difficulty medicating at home, an alternative approach would be closely monitoring for progression in the next 6 months.

Anesthetic risk is considered mild, however judicious IV fluid rates are advised to avoid fluid overload. Additionally, drugs that stimulate heart rate should be avoided unless clinically necessary (glycopyrrolate, atropine). Avoid vasodilators as this may worsen the obstruction. A reasonable protocol includes opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol induction, isoflurane maintenance. Risk for complication with steroid use typically follows LA dilation, which in this case is mildly elevated. If needed, monitoring of RR/RE is advised particularly in the initiation phase.

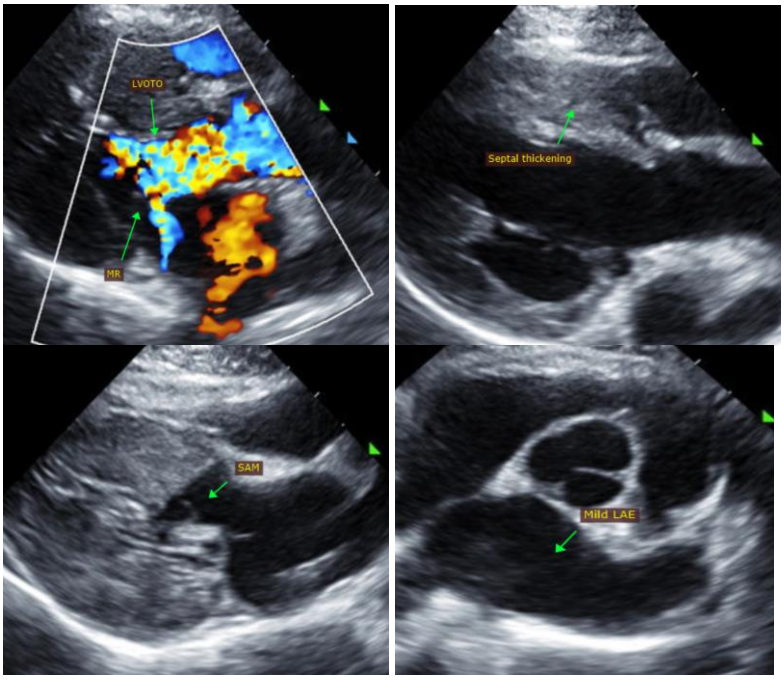
Monitor at home for any respiratory signs or blood clot events (neurologic change, paralysis, etc.) in the future.

PLAN

Screening BP/T4. Administer titrating dose of atenolol: 25mg tablets; Give ¼ tab once daily. Recheck heart rate in 1-2 weeks with target stressed rate of 140-160bpm 12-24 hours post-administration. Increase as needed until target reached.

Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 6 months to assess for progression, sooner if clinical issues arise.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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